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Dated

*G D Court*  
- 3 OCT 1997

1/77

Patents Form 1/77

Patents Act 1977  
(Rule 16)The  
Patent  
Office30DEC96 E242635-5 002889  
P01/7700 25.00Statement of inventorship and of  
right to grant of a patent

The Patent Office

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1. Your reference

J A Phillips 06

2. Patent application number  
(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

9626772.9

23 DEC 1996

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of  
each applicant (*underline all surnames*)Northern Telecom Limited  
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country/state of its incorporation

Quebec, Canada

6258966001

4. Title of the invention

MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK

5. Name of your agent (*if you have one*)"Address for service" in the United Kingdom  
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674737002

Patents ADP number (*if you know it*)6. If you are declaring priority from one  
or more earlier patent applications,  
give the country and the date of filing  
of the or of each of these earlier  
applications and (*if you know it*) the or  
each application number

Country

Priority application number  
(*if you know it*)Date of Filing  
(*day/month/year*)7. If this application is divided or otherwise  
derived from an earlier UK application,  
give the number and the filing date of the  
earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing  
(*day/month/year*)8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right  
to grant of a patent required in support of  
this request? (*Answer 'Yes' if:*

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
  - b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
  - c) any named applicant is a corporate body.
- See note (d))

Patents Form 1/77

9. Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form. Do not count copies of the same document.

Continuation sheets of this form	-
Description	6
Claim(s)	2
Abstract	1
Drawing(s)	4



10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents	-
Translation of priority documents	-
Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent ( <i>Patents Form 7/77</i> )	-
Request for preliminary examination ( <i>Patents Form 9/77</i> )	-
Request for substantive examination ( <i>Patents Form 10/77</i> )	-
Any other documents ( <i>please specify</i> )	-

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature   
J P W Ryan - Agent for the Applicants

Date December 23, 1996

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

J P W Ryan - 01279 405679

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After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or

## MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK

This invention relates to mobile communications networks and in particular to arrangements and methods for controlling communication between mobile terminals and a base station in such networks.

- 5 A number of standard mobile communications systems are currently under development. For example, in Europe the GSM900 system operating at 900 MHz is gaining wide acceptance while in North America the near equivalent PCS1900 system is a current standard operating at 1900MHz. Within each of these systems a set of standard operating
- 10 procedures has evolved, and all equipment supplied for use in such a system must conform to the corresponding standard. This provides a significant advantage to the system operator as he can obtain equipment from a number of suppliers and be confident that it will be fully compatible. For example, the operator may purchase handsets from one
- 15 manufacturer, base stations from another and mobile switching centres from a third. Although this provides the operator in that he can force down the costs of the purchased equipment, there are attendant disadvantages.
- 20 Firstly, the key protocols defining the standard must be conceived at the original installation of the system. If these protocols have not been chosen with sufficient care and forethought, adherence to the standard can preclude the adoption of more advantageous techniques that may subsequently become available. Secondly, although the key protocols
- 25 may be defined, there is often considerable scope for the provision of proprietary services that can provide added value to a particular manufacturer's product. This provides the operator with the problem of supporting different equipment designs. In practice a particular operator supports only one service mix and users of equipment, e.g. handsets,
- 30 capable of providing other services may well find that those services are not supported. Thirdly, there is increasing concern about the

proliferation of base station installations that are required to service a variety of mobile communications systems that are operating in the same geographical region and there is thus a need to minimise the number of such installations.

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The object of the invention is to minimise or to overcome these disadvantages.

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It is a further object of the invention to provide an improved mobile communications system.

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It is a further object of the invention to provide a mobile communications system that can service mobile terminals having different operating protocols.

20

According to one aspect of the invention there is provided a mobile communications network for serving a plurality of mobile terminals each capable of being coupled to the network, wherein the network incorporates means for determining for each mobile terminal accessing the network an operating protocol employed by that terminal, and means for retrieving from a store a corresponding a corresponding operating protocol whereby to provide control instructions for the network so as to enable communication with that terminal.

25

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a mobile communications network adapted to service mobile terminals having different operating protocols, the network including a plurality of multimode base stations each capable of operating selectively in at least some of said operating protocols and each having means for interrogating a said mobile terminal so as to determine that terminal's operating protocol, a store containing sets of operating instructions one for each said protocol, base station control means for controlling the operation of each said base station, and means responsive to the determination of the operating protocol of a said mobile terminal for downloading the corresponding set of operating instructions from the store to the control means whereby to operate the base station serving that mobile terminal in a mode consistent with that operating protocol.

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According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a method of operating a mobile communications network so as to service a plurality of terminals each capable of being coupled to the network, wherein the method includes storing a plurality of operating protocols for said terminals, determining for each terminal accessing the network an operating protocol employed by that terminal, and retrieving from the stored protocols a corresponding operating protocol whereby to provide control instructions for that terminal.

10 By providing access to software packages appropriate to the terminals communicating with the system, a variety of terminal operating protocols can be accommodated. this is of particular advantage in a large international system as terminals that have been constructed to comply with individual country requirements and/or with a particular service mix  
15 can roam throughout the system and can receive a full or substantially full range of services in all parts of the system. This also facilitates the development and introduction of new terminals which can operate in parallel with existing devices.

20 In a development of the network, the operating packages provided in the system may be updated to take account of developments in mobile terminal construction and the introduction of enhanced protocols and services.

25 In another development, the mobile terminals may be adapted to download operating software from the network over the air interface to provide those terminals with particular operating characteristics.

In a further development of the network, both the network and the  
30 terminals may be provided with software packages which allow the particular operating protocol to be negotiated between the network and the terminal at the commencement of communication therebetween.

An embodiment of the invention will now be described with reference to  
35 the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a mobile communications system;

Figure 2 illustrates the provision of software to a multimode base station in the system of figure 1;

5        Figure 3 is a flow chart illustrating the set-up of a mobile terminal originated call in the network of figure 1; and

Figure 4 is a flow chart illustrating the set-up of a mobile terminal terminated call in the network of figure 1.

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Referring to figure 1, the mobile communications system includes a plurality of multimode base stations 11 each of which defines a respective cell 12 within which communications may be established with mobile terminals 13 currently located within that cell. Groups of base stations 11 are controlled via a base station controller 14 from a mobile switching centre 15. The mobile switching centre has access to a home location register 17 and, via a communications path 18, to one or more other mobile switching centres (not shown) and to one or more fixed networks (not shown). Advantageously, traffic on the path 18 may be carried in a broad band format such as asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) and at a rate appropriate to the particular protocol to which that traffic relates.

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Information on the mobile terminals is stored in the home location register 17 which may be disposed at a location remote from the mobile switching centre. Information relating to those mobile terminals currently in the service area of the mobile switching centre is retrieved from the home location register and stored together with current location information in a visitors location register 19. Advantageously, the visitors location register forms part of the mobile switching centre.

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In the network of figure 1, the base stations operate at appropriate frequencies to provide a communications service and also provide a beacon function for those mobile communications protocols that require such a function. For example, the system may provide access to mobile terminals using the GSM 900, DECT, and DCS 1800 protocols. It will be understood that this group of protocols is by no means exclusive and that other existing or future protocols can be accommodated.

Figure 2 shows the general construction of a base station for use in the system of figure 1. The station comprises a soft radio unit 21 coupled to an antenna 22 and which functions as a slave in both transmit and receive modes under the control of a selected one of a number of protocol dedicated control units 23.

For a mobile terminal initiated call, the terminal will emit a request for service on its frequency band according to its built-in operating protocol.

This request is used by the network to determine the terminal's protocol, the general procedure being illustrated in figure 3.

When a base station receives a request for service from a mobile terminal in its service area, it relays the request to the base station controller which determines, from the frequency band and the format of the request signal, which protocol is being employed by the requesting mobile terminal. This determination may be effected by the use of a soft radio receiver that is programmed to recognise the presence of radio frequency transmissions from a mobile terminal within a frequency band extending over all the supported protocols. Measurement of the particular frequency employed by the mobile terminal establishes the required protocol for communication with that terminal. If a number of protocols are permitted within a given frequency band, then a further test will be required to identify the protocol uniquely. If the frequency is not recognised, then the call request is aborted.

When the protocol has been identified, the corresponding software package is retrieved from the store and downloaded into the base station controller so as to operate the base station controller according to the desired protocol. At the same time, the appropriate dedicated control unit in the base station is enabled under control from the base station controller. The details of the mobile terminal are then checked to ensure that the terminal is registered and the call is set up according to the desired protocol.

Figure 4 shows the process sequence for setting up a call to a mobile terminal. The details of that terminal's operating protocol and last reported location are retrieved from the home location register. If the

terminal is registered, the appropriate mobile switching centre then interrogates its visitors location register to determine a paging pattern for the mobile terminal so as to determine which base station controller(s) need to be provided with the appropriate software package to service the mobile terminal via a base station. If the terminal is not registered then the call attempt is refused.

Messaging within the wired portion of the mobile network to accommodate the various message and signalling protocols appropriate to each operating protocol is effected by encapsulating the traffic in packets each containing a payload and a header whereby routing and handling of the packet can be determined. In an alternative embodiment, this traffic can be converted into a common transmission format at interfaces (not shown) provided at appropriate ingress and egress points to the mobile network. This common format may be employed to provide e.g. Internet services to mobile terminals served by the network.

In a further embodiment, some or all of the mobile terminals may be programmable via software downloaded over the air interface from the mobile network via the base station in response to a request from a terminal. The downloading can be performed at call set-up or during the call. This technique can be used to provide a terminal with functionality that conforms to one of a set of preferred protocols. Further, the terminal can perform a negotiation with the network to establish which protocol is to be employed, which functions are to be handled by the network, and which functions are to be handled by the terminal in the setting up and processing of calls.

**CLAIMS:-**

5     1.     A mobile communications network for serving a plurality of mobile terminals each capable of being coupled to the network, wherein the network incorporates means for determining for each mobile terminal accessing the network an operating protocol employed by that terminal, and means for retrieving from a store a corresponding operating protocol  
10     whereby to provide control instructions for the network so as to enable communication with that terminal.

2.     A mobile communications network adapted to service mobile terminals having different operating protocols, the network including a  
15     plurality of multimode base stations each capable of operating selectively in at least some of said operating protocols and each having means for interrogating a said mobile terminal so as to determine that terminal's operating protocol, a store containing sets of operating instructions one for each said protocol, base station control means for controlling the  
20     operation of each said base station, and means responsive to the determination of the operating protocol of a said mobile terminal for downloading the corresponding set of operating instructions from the store to the control means whereby to operate the base station serving that mobile terminal in a mode consistent with that operating protocol.

25     3.     A network as claimed in claim 2, wherein each said base station comprises a soft radio unit for providing radio communication to said terminals, operating means, one for each said operating protocol, and means for selectively enabling a said one of said operating means so as  
30     to operate the base station in conformity with that operating protocol.

3.     A network as claimed in claim 2 or 3, wherein at least some of said mobile terminals have means for downloading of operating instructions from the network.

35     5.     A mobile communications network substantially as described herein with reference to and as shown in the accompanying drawings.

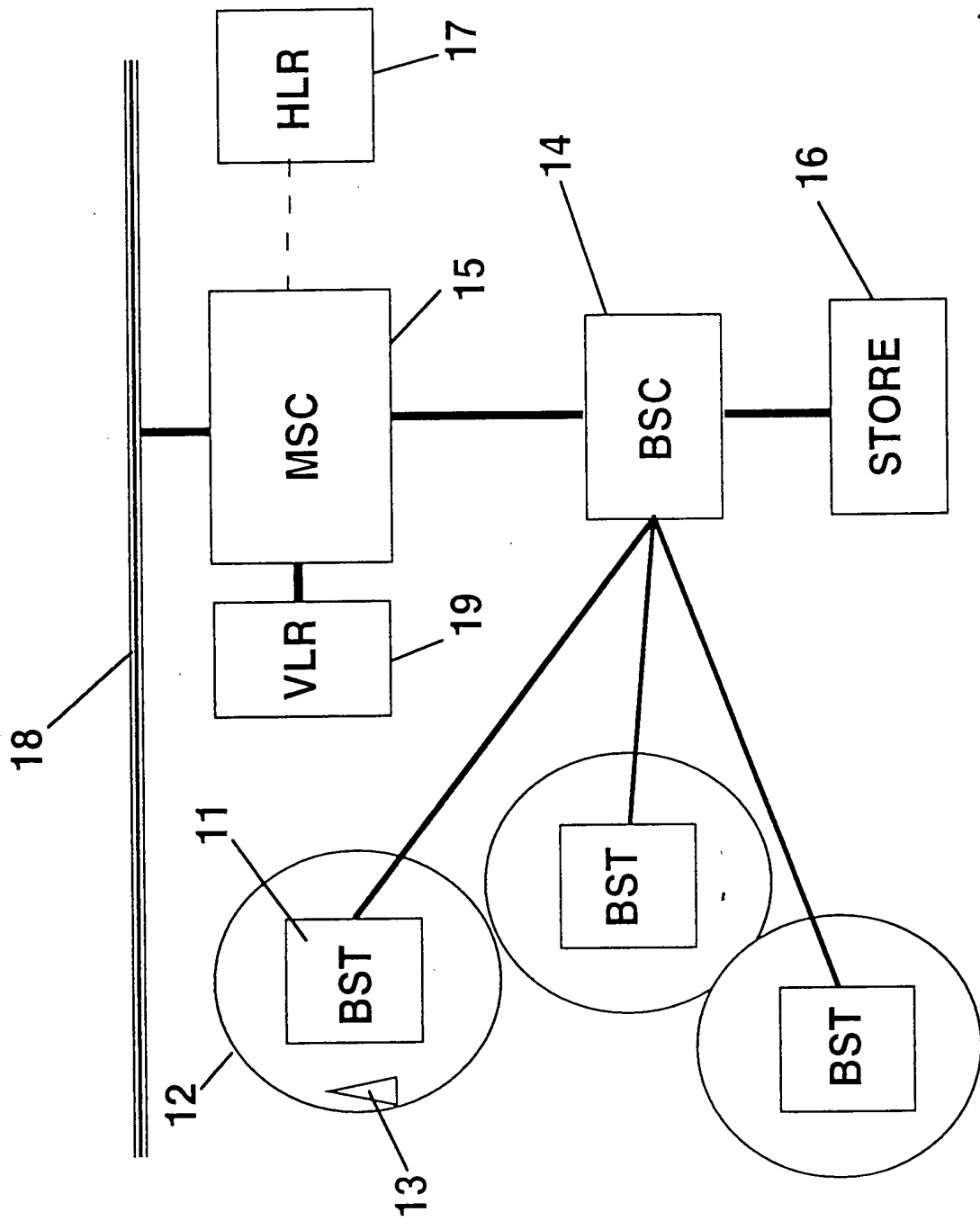
6. A method of operating a mobile communications network so as to service a plurality of terminals each capable of being coupled to the network, wherein the method includes storing a plurality of operating protocols for said terminals, determining for each terminal accessing the network an operating protocol employed by that terminal, and retrieving from the stored protocols a corresponding operating protocol whereby to provide control instructions for that terminal
7. A method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the operating protocol employed by a mobile terminal requesting service is determined from the frequency of radio transmissions from that terminal.
8. A method as claimed in claim 6 or 7, and including downloading of operating software from the network to a said terminal.
9. A method as claimed in claim 8, wherein a said operating protocol is determined by negotiation between the network and a said mobile terminal.
10. A method of operating a mobile communications network substantially as described herein with reference to and as shown in the accompanying drawings.

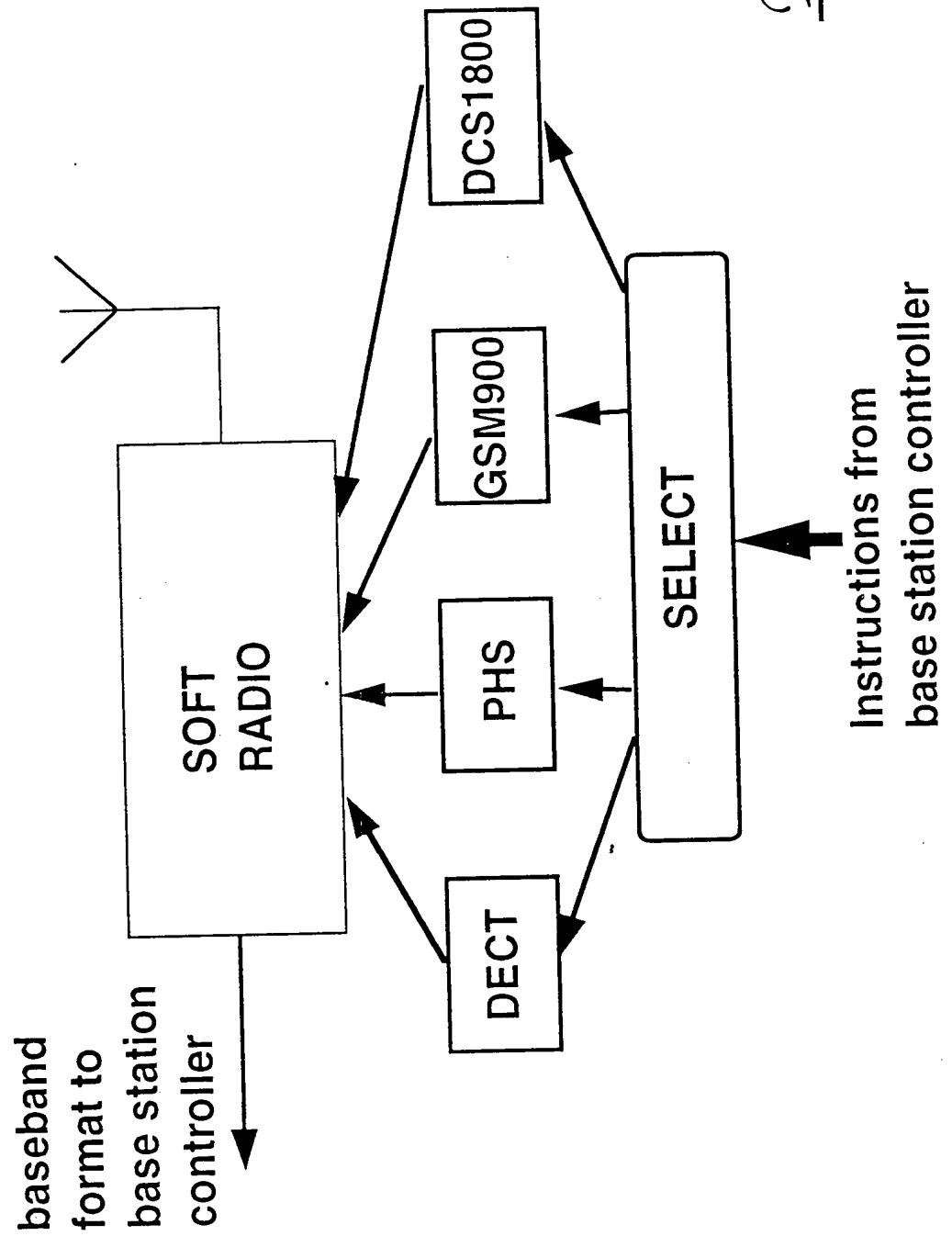
Figure 1 to  
accompany Abstract

**ABSTRACT**

**MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK**

A mobile communications network is adapted to service mobile terminals having different operating protocols. The network includes multimode base stations each capable of operating selectively in at least some of  
5 said operating protocols and each having means for interrogating a mobile terminal so as to determine that terminal's operating protocol. A store contains sets of operating instructions, one for each protocol, which are downloaded to a base station controller so as to operate the base station serving that mobile terminal in a mode consistent with the  
10 terminal's operating protocol.

Fig. 1

Fig.2

# Call set-up: Mobile originated

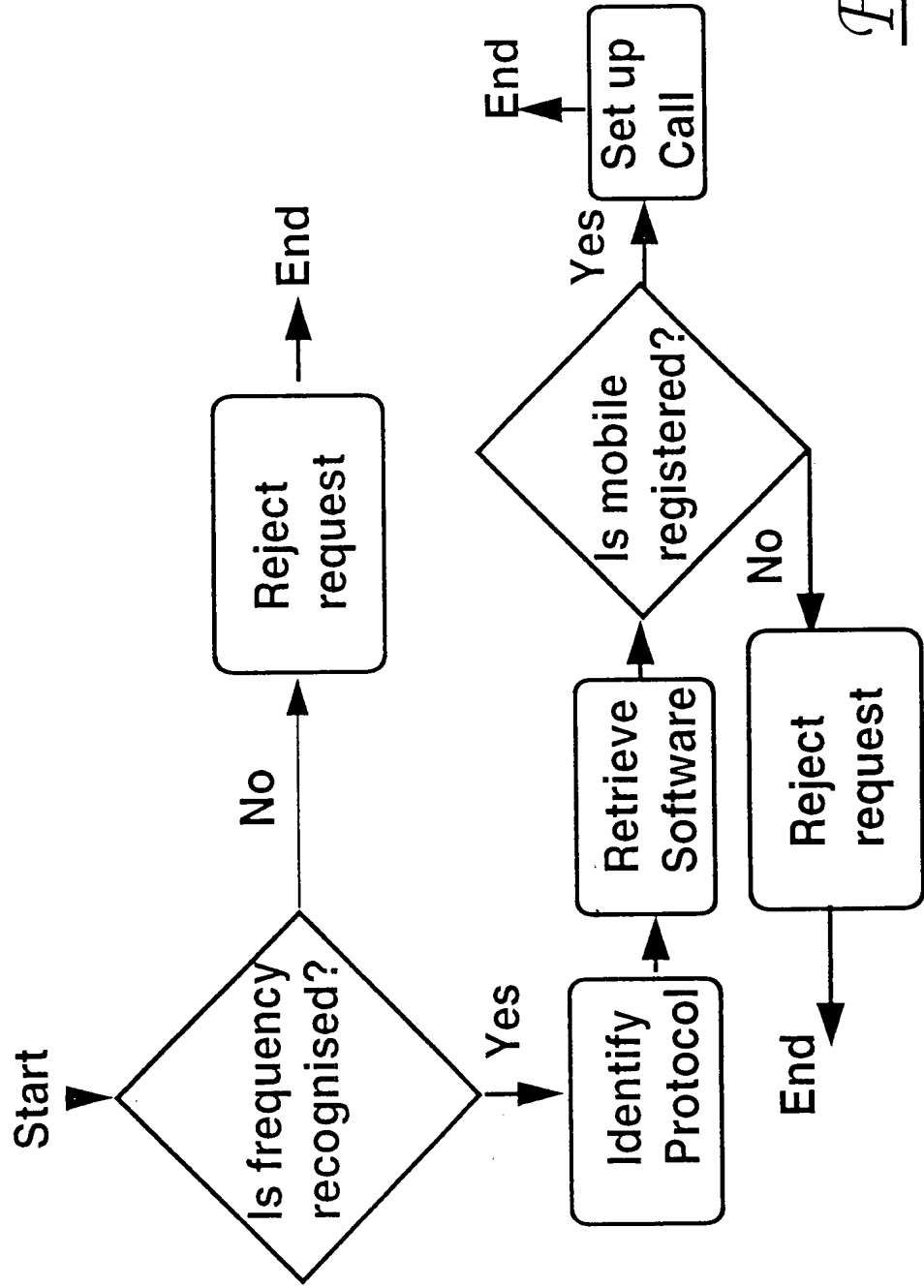


Fig.3

# Call set-up: Mobile terminated

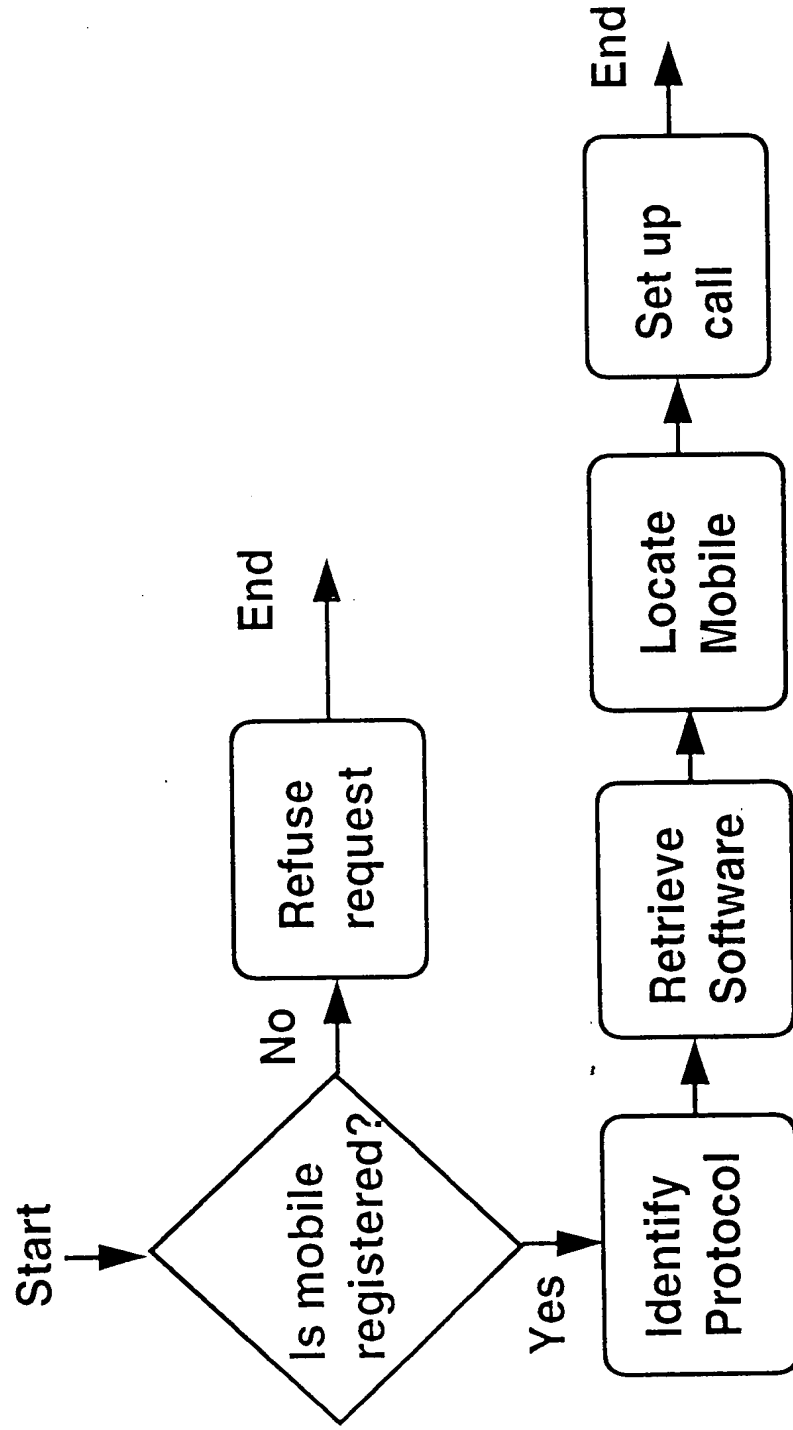


Fig. 4